

Vision and navigation in bees and birds and applications to robotics

Mandyam Srinivasan

Queensland Brain Institute and Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineering University of Queensland and ARC Centre of Excellence in Vision Science Sam Baker, Daniel Bland, Natalie Bland, Nikolai Liebsch, Richard Moore, Gavin Taylor, Saul Thurrowgood, Dean Soccol



Peculiarities of insect vision



Small interocular separation

Therefore, stereo vision is difficult

Insects rely heavily on image motion cues to infer object distance, perceive the world in 3-D and navigate in it



Dr. Miriam Lehrer University of Zürich

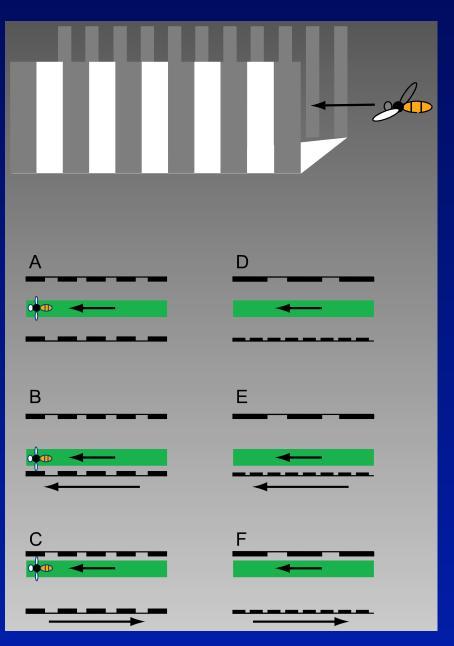


Bees negotiate narrow gaps by balancing the image velocities in the two eyes



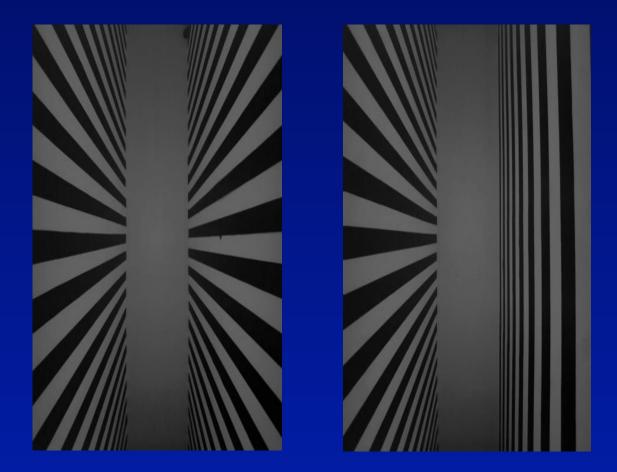
Kirchner & Srinivasan Naturwissenschaften (1988)

Srinivasan, Lehrer, Kirchner & Zhang Vis. Neurosci. (1991)

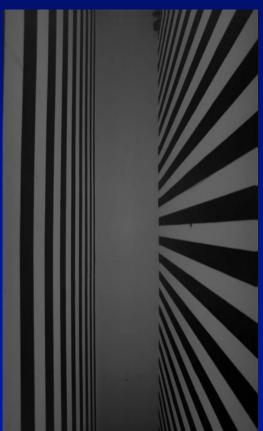


Centering response in budgerigars

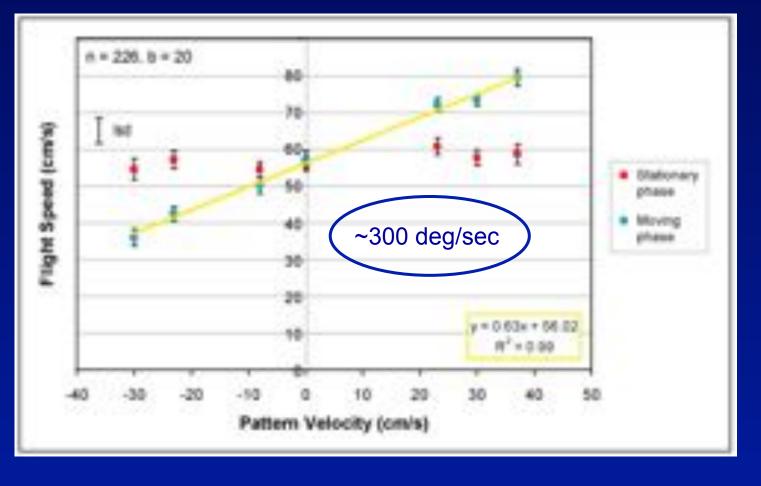
P. Bhagavatula, C. Claudianos, M. Ibbotson, M.V. Srinivasan *Current Biology* (2011)

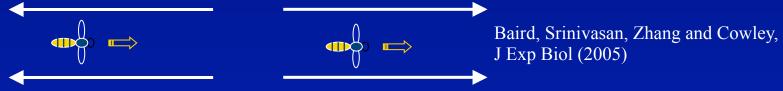






Visual control of flight speed - bees

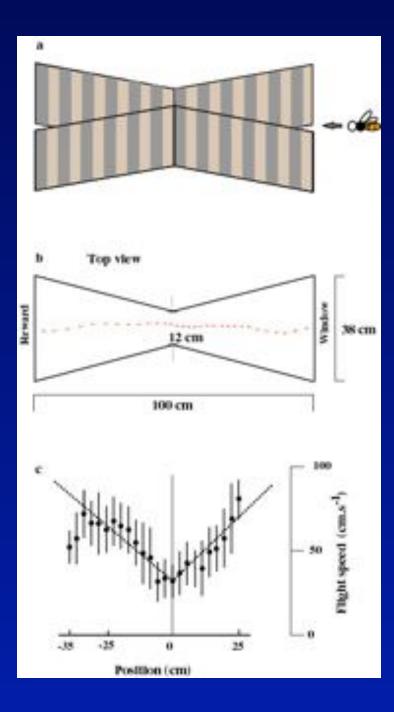




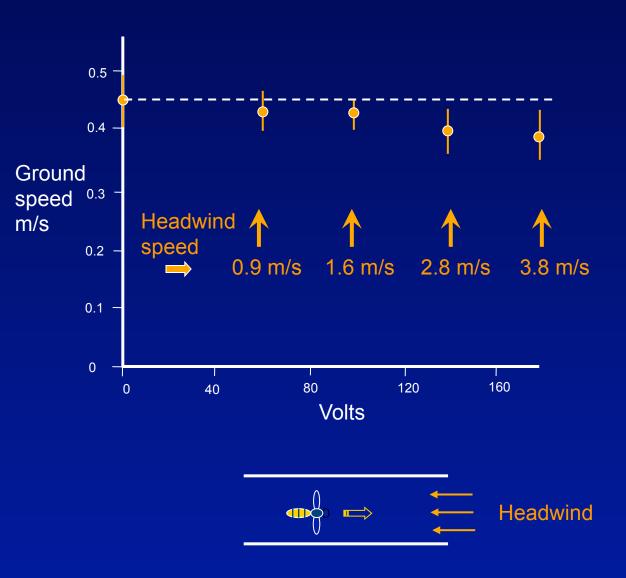
Control of flight speed

Speed of flight is regulated by holding the global image velocity constant

Srinivasan, Zhang, Lehrer & Collett J. Exp. Biol. (1996)



Battling headwind



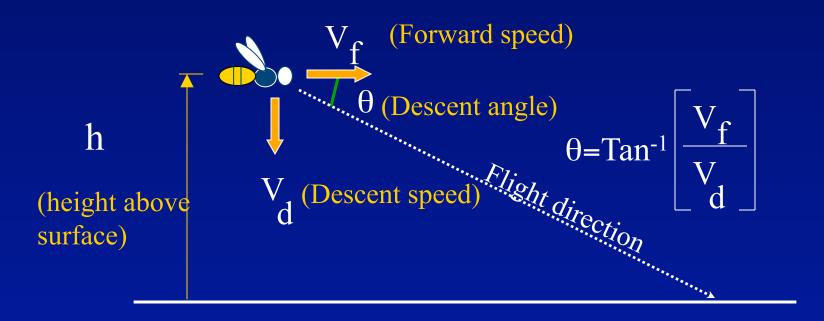
Barron and Srinivasan, J. Exp. Biol. (2006)

Landing

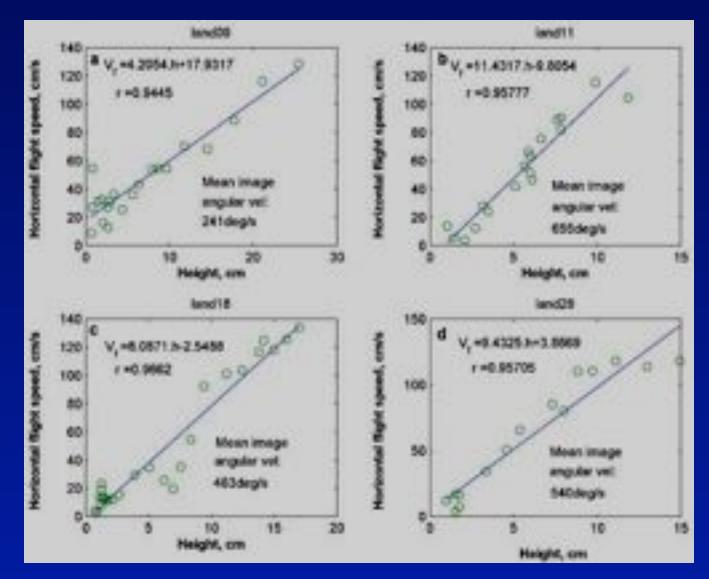


How does a bee perform a smooth, grazing landing?

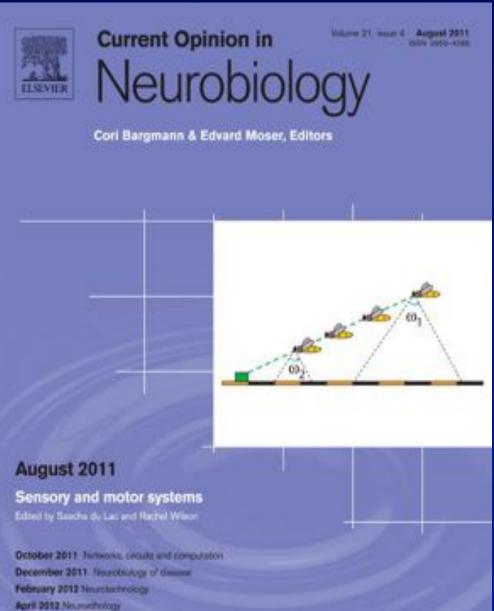
Landing parameters



Horizontal flight speed versus height



Srinivasan, Zhang, Chahl, Barth & Venkatesh, Biol. Cybern (2000)



June 2012 Symptic structure and function



Access CONE articles online up to one month before they appear in your print journal



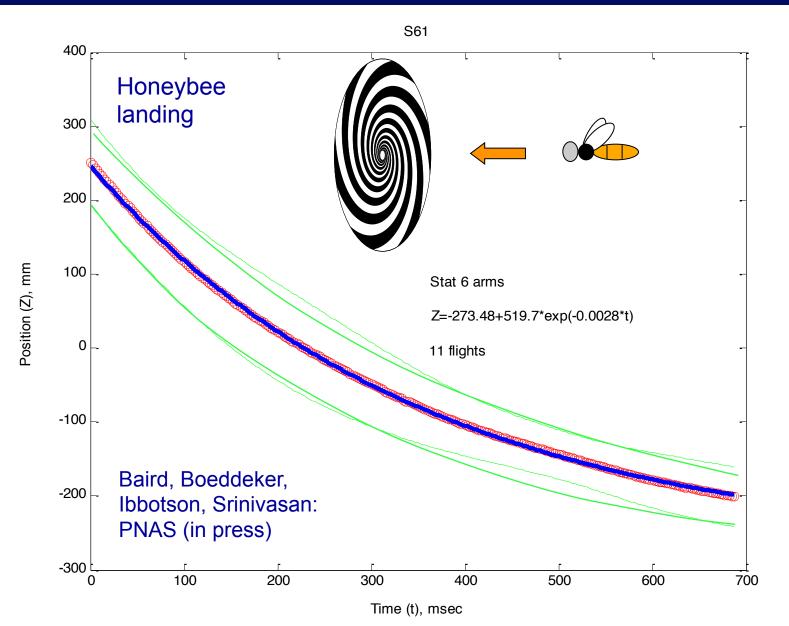


Landing on a vertical surface

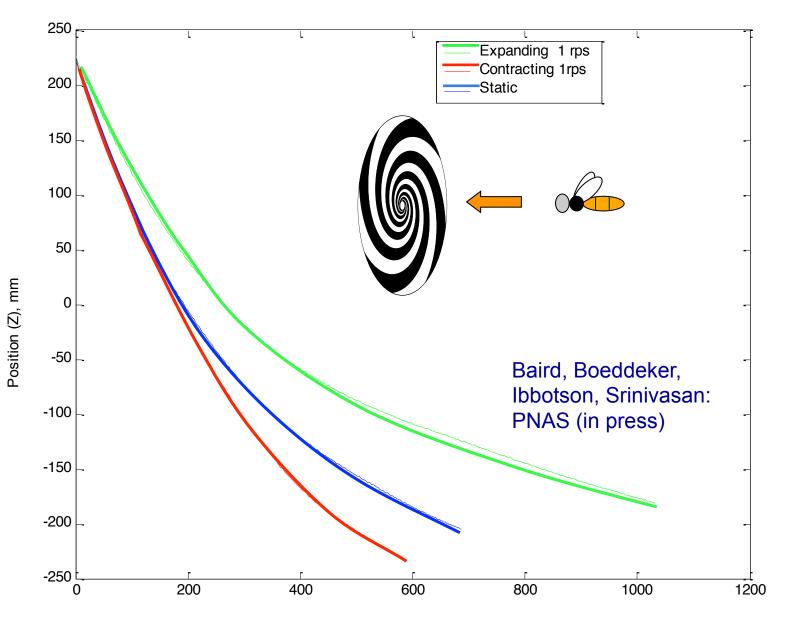


With Emily Baird, Norbert Boeddeker, Michael Ibbotson

Distance decreases exponentially as a function of time, suggesting that approach speed is controlled by holding rate of image expansion constant

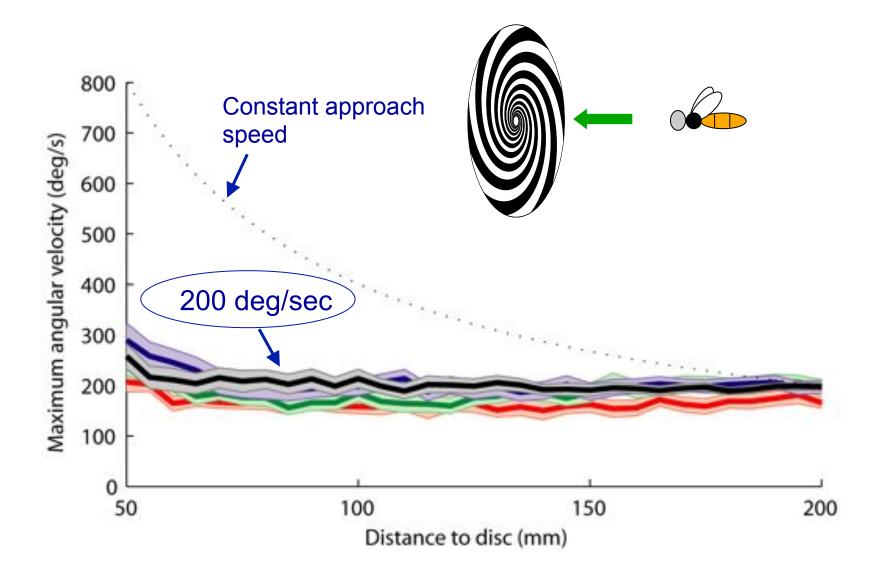


Test of hypothesis: Expanding spiral reduces approach speed; contracting spiral increases it



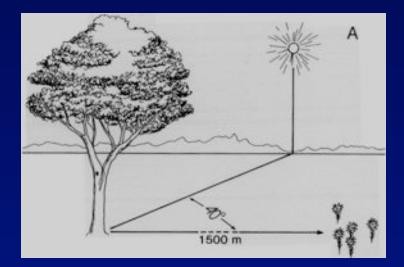
Time (t), msec

Baird, Boeddeker, Ibbotson, Srinivasan: PNAS (in press)

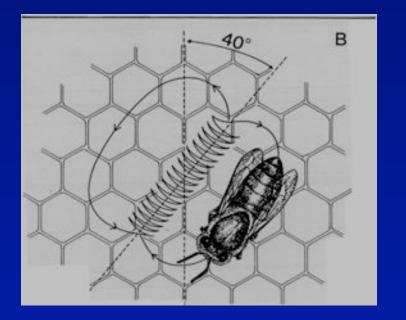


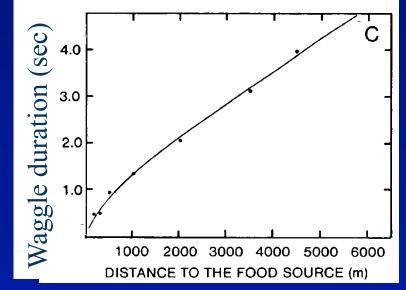
Honeybee odometry

The waggle dance



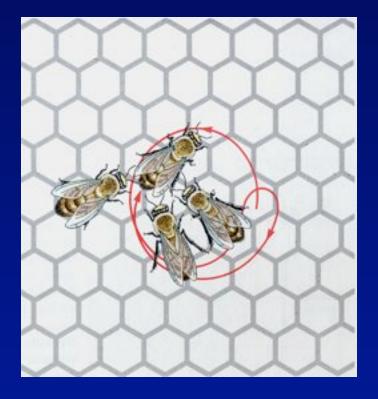
Q: How does a bee work out how far she has flown?





Karl von Frisch



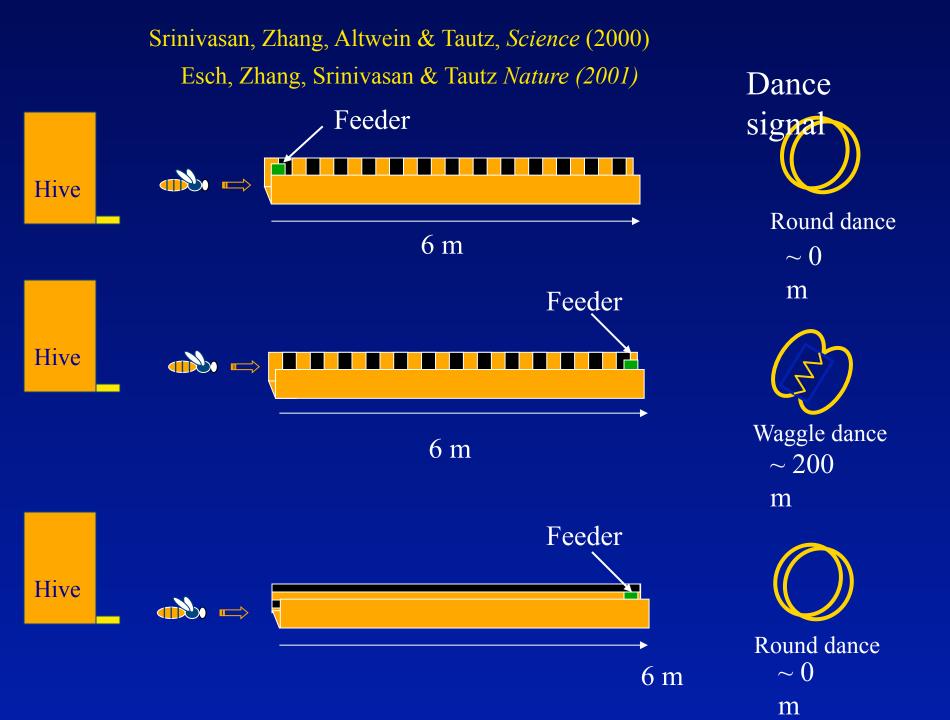




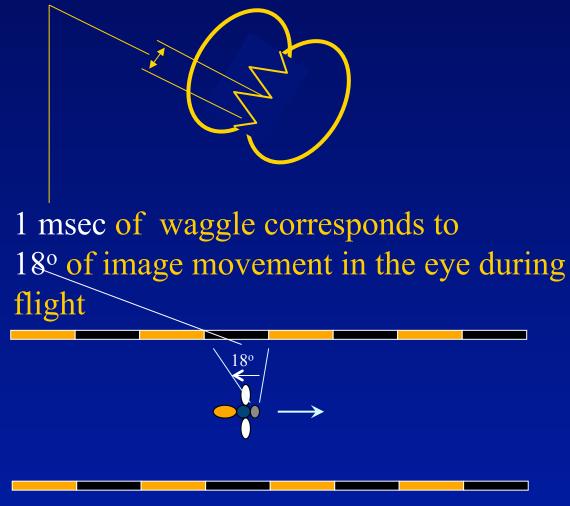
Round dance (feeder distance < 50m) Waggle dance (feeder distance > 50m) Honeybee navigation:

How does a bee estimate how far it has flown?



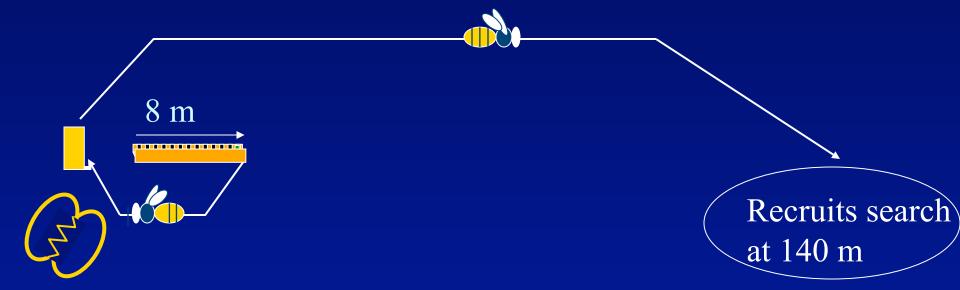


Visual calibration of the honeybee's odometer and dance



Srinivasan, Zhang, Altwein & Tautz, Science (2000)

How do the recruits respond to the dancing tunnel bees?



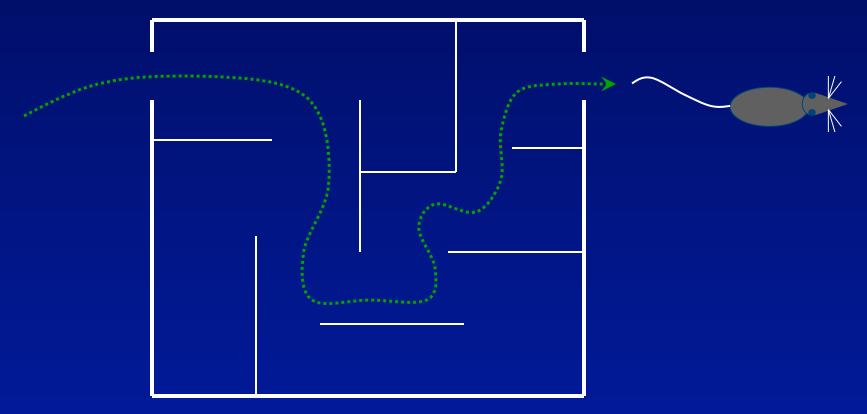
Scouts returning from 8 m tunnel signal a distance of 140 m

Esch, Zhang, Srinivasan & Tautz *Nature (2001)*

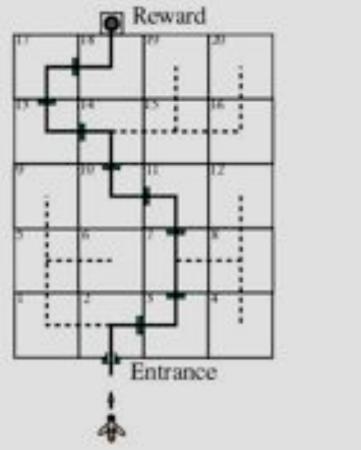
Honeybee perception and 'cognition'

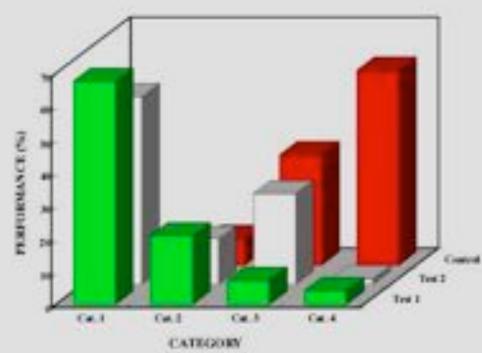
Image courtesy Jeff Wilson and Judith Reinhard

Maze learning



MAZE NAVIGATION: Following a colour mark



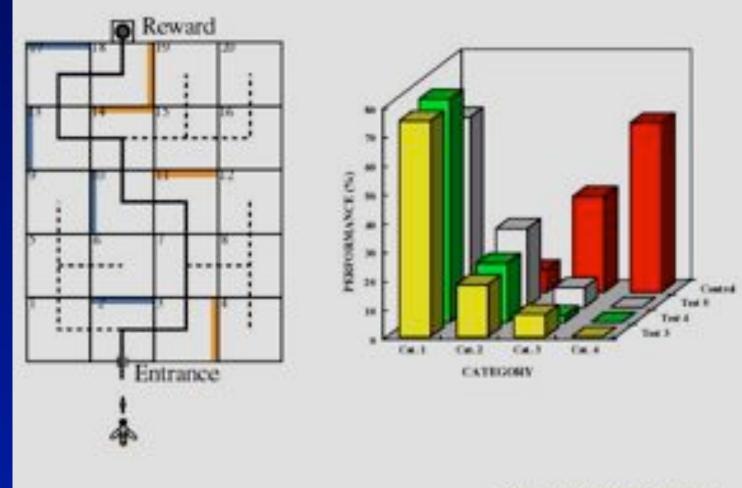


Zhang, Bartsch & Srinivasan Neurobiology of Learning & Memory (1996)

Maze navigation: following a colour mark

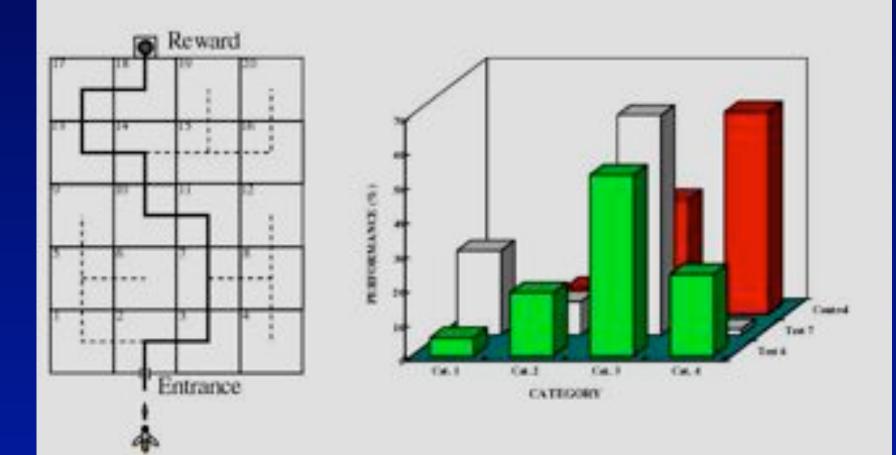


MAZE NAVIGATION: Using colour as an abstract navigational cue



Zhang, Bartsch & Srinivasan Neurobiology of Learning & Memory (1996)

MAZE NAVIGATION: No cues



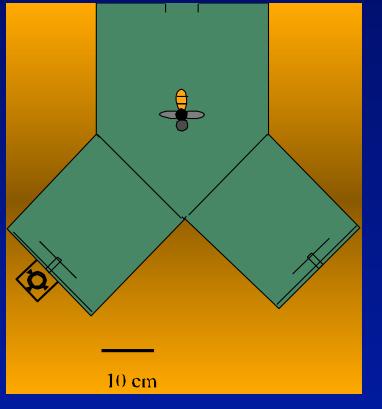
Zhang, Bartsch & Srinivasan Neurobiology of Learning & Memory (1996)



Music in the wind

Bev Doolittle

"Top-down" processing in honeybees



Zhang & Srinivasan Nature (1994)

Rewarded

Unrewarded

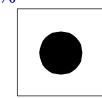






(n=1099, P > 0.50

63.1% 36.9%



(n=141, P < 0.005)

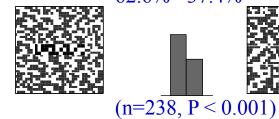
61.2% 38.8%





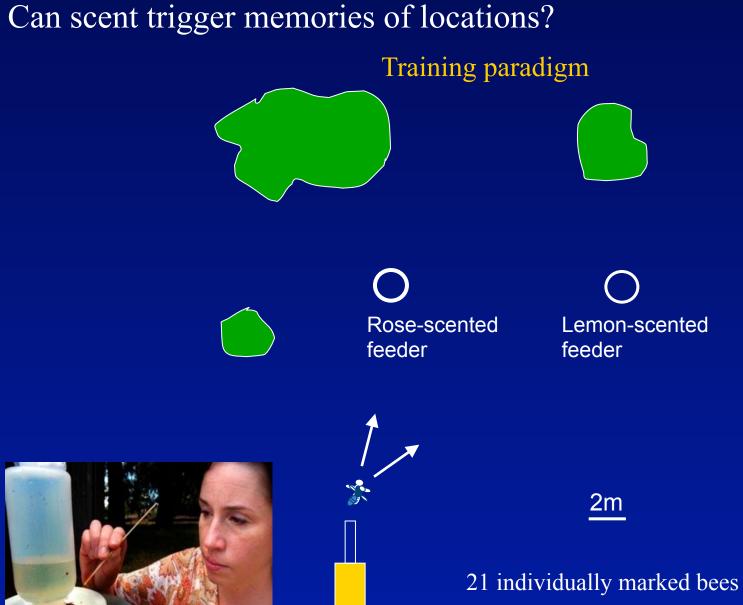
(n=509, P < 0.001)

62.6% 37.4%



Associative recall





Hive

Reinhard, Srinivasan and Zhang, *Nature* (2004)

Can scent trigger memories of locations?

